Thanks to
The Clyde Walkway is a partnership venture based on co-operation and agreement. North Lanarkshire, South Lanarkshire and Glasgow City Councils would like to acknowledge the help and support of the many agencies and organisations involved in its development, management and promotion, including: Scottish Enterprise, Scottish Natural Heritage, The Big Lottery, Sustrans, The Forestry Commission, The Paths for All Partnership, Strathclyde European Partnership, Scottish Power, Scottish Wildlife Trust, VisitScotland, The Glasgow & Clyde Valley Green Network Partnership. We would also like to thank, in particular, the many individual landowners along the route who have given their support and co-operation to the project.
The Clyde Walkway

Cardies Bridge to Crossford

In short...

This 6 mile section starts at the southern end of Cambusnethan Woodlands and passes through a varied woodland and agricultural landscape as far as Crossford village.

Route description and features of interest

From Cardies Bridge the path follows the course of Garrion Burn downstream through West Brownlee Wood before meeting the River Clyde. The Walkway then continues upstream along the Clyde passing through Mauldslie Wood and accompanying parkland which comprises part of the former Mauldslie Castle Estate. In 2007 Scottish Natural Heritage designated both West Brownlee and Mauldslie Woods part of the newly created Clyde Valley Woodland National Nature Reserve. The woodlands are managed by South Lanarkshire Council for public access, nature conservation and landscape objectives.

Bus and other local services are available in Law village, which lies approximately 20 minutes walk from Mauldslie Castle Estate.
Mauldslie Castle itself was demolished in the 1930’s although a number of former estate buildings remain which have been converted into residential properties. Continue through the parkland along the bank of the Clyde as far as Mauldslie Bridge from where there is access on to the A72 Clyde Valley National Tourist Route.

At this point a short diversion can be made back along the A72 to the small settlement of Dalserf. The village is dominated by Dalserf Kirk a traditional Scots country church, erected in 1655 during the early days of Presbyterianism and the “Covenanters” The churchyard contains a number of interesting and very old gravestones.

A short distance in the opposite direction along the A72 from Mauldslie Bridge is the village of Rosebank where there are local services and facilities.

The village was designed and built to house the Mauldslie Castle estate workers. This part of the Clyde Valley has been a fruit growing area since medieval times, with dozens of different varieties of apples and pears being grown. Most of the surviving orchards which are at their most impressive during April and May when the blossom is at its best now grow ‘Victoria’ plums.

From Mauldslie Bridge the Walkway continues along the bank of the Clyde through the estate parkland and Jock’s Burn woodland, a Site of Special Scientific Interest and also part of the Clyde Valley Woodland National Nature Reserve before crossing Jock’s Burn at its confluence with the Clyde. The Walkway continues a little way from the river past the derelict remains of Burnetholm cottage and through the woodlands of the Milton Lockhart Estate, along a newly constructed and well signposted section of route which was completed in 2009.
There are a series of ascents and descents as the route meanders through the woods, crossing the estate road along the way, with views of the valley and surrounding countryside at various points. The woods are rich in wildlife and are ablaze with blue bells in spring.

The path emerges from the woodlands and continues upstream through fields along the north bank of river crossing Townhead Burn along the way.

⚠️ Please be aware that as some sections of the route are not fenced off and the fields may contain livestock you are asked to keep dogs under strict control at all times.

The route then crosses an un-named burn and ascends a steep bank by way of a flight of timber steps before passing by Waygatehaw House parts of which dates back to the 15th Century and onto Poplar Glen.

The route continues along the river bank through agricultural land, passing by Orchard House, and its 18th century Italianate style designed terraced gardens (private) before crossing the Mashock Burn and continuing as far as Crossford Bridge where the path emerges on to the B7056 (Braidwood Road).

Local services and facilities are available in the village including buses to Hamilton and Lanark. For those requiring more extensive facilities including rail services to Glasgow the town of Carluke lies approximately three miles north of Crossford.

At this point it is possible to take a detour to Craignethan Castle by way of Scottish Wildlife Trust’s Lower Nethan Gorge nature reserve, which is also part of the Clyde Valley National Nature Reserve.
Cross Crossford Bridge and turn right onto the A72, the entrance to the nature reserve is located approximately $\frac{1}{4}$ mile along the road on the left hand-side. Follow the well defined route through the spectacular wooded gorge to the castle. 

**Craignethan Castle** is in an exceptional state of preservation, dates from the first half of the 16th century. It is famously known as providing the prototype for the castle “Tillietudlem” in Sir Walter Scott’s novel ‘Old Mortality’. It is also reputed that Mary Queen of Scots, whose ghost allegedly still haunts the building, spent her last night of freedom at the castle.

An alternative detour from Crossford is a visit to the birthplace of surveyor and cartographer **Major General William Roy** (1726 - 1790). Following the Jacobite rebellion, Major Roy was directed to produce a map of Scotland to enable more effective policing of the country. The hand drawn map that he produced between 1747 and 1755 can still be seen in the British Library. Roy was later commissioned to set up the network on which all subsequent map surveying was based. It was his vision of an organisation responsible for mapping and surveying in the United Kingdom which resulted in the establishment of the Ordnance Survey a year after his death.

From the Clyde Walkway at Poplarglen continue uphill on the minor road past Waygateshawhead Farm, turn left at the T-junction and continue past Meadowhead Farm to Milton Road. Turn left at the junction and continue along the road for approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ mile. An ordnance survey triangulation pillar on the right-hand side of the road marks the site of General Roy’s birthplace.
To take a direct route to Carluke railway station from this point retrace your step along Milton Road, taking the first left onto Station Road continue on past Glenburn to the station.

Alternatively, 400 yards along Milton Road from the memorial turn left through the gate onto the waymarked right of way to Jock’s Gill Wood continue through the woodland following the course of Jock’s Burn upstream back onto Station Road at Glenburn.

Responsibility

Follow the Scottish Outdoor Access Code by acting in a courteous and responsible manner and avoid damaging or disturbing the natural heritage of the area. Please respect the fact that much of the land through which the Clyde Walkway passes is privately owned and is a working landscape.

Some sections of the Clyde Walkway pass close to or through areas of natural hazard such as cliffs, deep and fast flowing water, steeply sloping and uneven ground. Please keep to the path and ensure that children and dogs are kept under close control.

Stay safe and enjoy your visit.

For more information or if you want this information in a different format or language, please phone 01698 543421 or email simon.pilpel@southlanarkshire.gov.uk
Everyone has the right to be on most land and inland water providing they act responsibly. Your access rights and responsibilities are explained fully in the Scottish Outdoor Access Code.

When you are in the outdoors
- take personal responsibility for your own actions and act safely;
- respect people's privacy and peace of mind;
- help land managers to work safely and effectively;
- care for the environment and take your litter home;
- keep your dog under proper control;
- take extra care if you are organizing an event or running a business

For further information visit www.outdooraccess-scotland.com or phone 01738 444177 for a free copy of the full code.
The Clyde Walkway
Cardies Bridge to Crossford

Key to symbols

Clyde Walkway
Alternative Route for Clyde Walkway
Link Route
Non-vehicular Link Route
Cycleways
Cyclesable Sections of Route
Motorway
Brideways
Access for All
Health Walk Schemes
Rowing Access
Pontoon
Clyde Valley Woodland National Nature Reserve
Areas to be alert
Features of Interest
Country/District Parks and Nature Reserves
Car Park
Railway Stations

Users:
The following user information is indicative of the facilities available either on or close to the route of the Clyde Walkway. Please phone the relevant Access Officer for more detailed local information.

Foot:
Cardies Bridge - Crossford
Bicycle:
Cardies Bridge - Mauldslie Bridge
Crossford - Carluke
Horse:
Mauldslie Wood

Maps:
Ordnance Survey
Explorer Series No343: Motherwell and Coatbridge
Ordnance Survey
Landranger Series No72: Upper Clyde Valley, Biggar and Lanark

Length:
10 km / 6 miles
Crossford to Carluke: 5 km / 3 miles

Start:
Cardies Bridge, Garrion Burn by the A71

Finish:
Crossford

Where to get on:
Public transport:
Bus route through Rosebank and Crossford
Car:
Cardies Bridge, Mauldslie Bridge, Rosebank and Crossford

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Sunset over River Clyde at Mauldslie
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Useful Contacts</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Craignethan Castle</strong></td>
<td><strong>South Lanarkshire</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><a href="http://www.historic-scotland.gov.uk">www.historic-scotland.gov.uk</a></td>
<td><strong>Countryside Ranger Service</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Phone: 01555 860364</td>
<td><strong>(Calderglen Country Park)</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>First Glasgow Travel</strong></td>
<td><strong>South Lanarkshire</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><a href="http://www.firstgroup.com">www.firstgroup.com</a></td>
<td><strong>Countryside Ranger Service</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Phone: 0141 423 6600</td>
<td><strong>(Chatelherault Country Park)</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Glasgow and the Clyde Valley Greenspace Trust</strong></td>
<td><strong>Travel Line Scotland</strong></td>
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<td><a href="http://www.greenspace.org.uk">www.greenspace.org.uk</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.travelinescotland.com">www.travelinescotland.com</a></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Lower Nethan Nature Reserve</strong></td>
<td>Phone: 0871 200 22 33</td>
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<td><a href="http://www.swt.org.uk">www.swt.org.uk</a></td>
<td><strong>United Clyde Angling Association</strong></td>
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<td><strong>North Lanarkshire Council (Access Staff)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Phone: 01698 382479</strong></td>
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<td><a href="http://www.northlan.gov.uk">www.northlan.gov.uk</a></td>
<td><strong>Visit Lanarkshire</strong></td>
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<td>Phone: 01236 780636</td>
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<td><strong>Scotrail</strong></td>
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